## Microorganisms



Main sol. 520		
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	1.30	g
KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	1.50	g
$K_2HPO_4 \times 3 H_2O$	2.90	g
$FeSO_4 \times 7 H_2O$ (0.1% w/v in 0.1 N $H_2SO_4$ )	1.25	ml
Trace element solution SL-10	1.00	ml
Yeast extract	2.00	g
Sodium resazurin (0.1% w/v)	0.50	ml
$MgCl_2 \times 6 H_2O$	0.20	g
$CaCl_2 \times 2 H_2O$	75.00	mg
Cellobiose	6.00	g
Cellulose, MN 301 (optional)	10.00	g
Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	1.50	g
L-Cysteine HCl x $H_2O$	0.50	g
Distilled water	1000.00	ml

1. Dissolve ingredients except magnesium chloride, calcium chloride, cellobiose, cysteine and carbonate, then sparge medium with 80% N<sub>2</sub> and 20% CO<sub>2</sub> gas mixture for 30 - 45 min to make it anoxic. Dispense medium under the same gas atmosphere into anoxic Hungate-type tubes or serum vials and autoclave. After autoclaving add magnesium chloride, calcium chloride and cellobiose from anoxic stock solutions prepared under 100% N<sub>2</sub> gas and carbonate from a sterile anoxic stock solution prepared under 80% N<sub>2</sub> and 20% CO<sub>2</sub>. Cellobiose has to be sterilized by filtration. Prior to inoculation add cysteine from a sterile anoxic stock solution prepared under 100% N<sub>2</sub> gas and adjust pH to 7.2.

2. Note: Some strains can be adapted to cellulose as substrate using 10.00 g/l cellulose powder MN 301 (MACHEREY-NAGEL).