## Microorganisms



Main sol. 883		
Trisodium citrate x 2 $H_2O$	2.94	g
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	1.30	g
KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	0.28	g
$MgSO_4 \times 7 H_2O$	0.25	g
$CaCl_2 \times 2 H_2O$	0.07	g
$FeCl_3 \times 6 H_2O$	0.02	g
Allen's trace element solution	10.00	ml
Sodium resazurin (0.1% w/v)	0.50	ml
Sulfur (powdered)	10.00	g
Yeast extract (OXOID)	0.50	g
Wolin's vitamin solution (10x)	1.00	ml
$Na_2S \times 9 H_2O$	0.50	g
Distilled water	1000.00	ml

1. Dissolve ingredients except sulfur, yeast extract, vitamins and sulfide, then adjust the pH to 3.5 with 4 N  $H_2SO_4$ . Sparge medium with 100%  $N_2$  gas for 30 - 45 min to make it anoxic, then dispense under same gas atmosphere into anoxic Hungate-type tubes or serum vials which contain already the appropriate amount of sulfur, only to 30% of their volume to allow for a large headspace. Autoclave at **105°C** for 20 min. Prior to inoculation add yeast extract, vitamins (sterilized by filtration) and sulfide from anoxic stock solutions prepared under 100%  $N_2$  gas atmosphere. The final pH of the complete medium should be around 4.0.

2. After inoculation, pressurize the cultivation vessels to 1 bar overpressure with sterile 80%  $H_2$  and 20%  $CO_2$  gas mixture.