## **Microorganisms**



#### 383: DESULFOBACTERIUM MEDIUM

This recipe contains strain-specific modifications for Desulfobacula phenolica DSM 3384 \*

Final pH: 7.0 - 7.2 Final volume: 1003 ml

Solution A	952.00	ml
Solution B	20.00	ml
Solution C	20.00	ml
Solution D	1.00	ml
Solution E	10.00	ml
Na-dithionite solution (5% w/v)	0.50	ml
Clarified rumen fluid	10.00	ml

- 1. Solution A is sparged with 80%  $N_2$  and 20%  $CO_2$  gas mixture to reach a pH below 6 (at least 30 min), then distributed in anoxic cultivation vials and autoclaved under the same gas atmosphere. Solution B is autoclaved separately under 80%  $N_2$  and 20%  $CO_2$  gas atmosphere. Solutions C and D are prepared under 100%  $N_2$  gas and filter-sterilized. Solution E is autoclaved under 100%  $N_2$  gas. To complete the medium appropriate amounts of solutions B to E are added to the sterile solution A in the sequence as indicated. Final pH of the medium should be 7.0 7.2.
- 2. Note: Addition of 10 20 mg sodium dithionite per liter (e.g. from 5% (w/v) solution freshly prepared under  $N_2$  and filter-sterilized) may stimulate growth of some strains at the beginning. For transfers use 5 10% inoculum. Incubate all strains in the dark.
- \* The vitamin solution of medium 120 is replaced with 1.00 ml/l of seven vitamins solution of medium 503. Replace pyruvate with 0.40 g/l Na-benzoate and add 10.00 ml/l clarified rumen fluid (see medium 1310) as growth supplement. Initiation of growth requires addition of freshly prepared sodium dithionite.

#### Solution A

olucion A		
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	3.00	g
$KH_2PO_4$	0.20	g
NH <sub>4</sub> Cl	0.30	g
NaCl	21.00	g
MgCl <sub>2</sub> x 6 H <sub>2</sub> O	3.00	g
KCI	0.50	g
CaCl <sub>2</sub> x 2 H <sub>2</sub> O	0.15	g
Trace element solution SL-10	1.00	ml
Selenite-tungstate solution	1.00	ml
Sodium resazurin (0.1% w/v)	0.50	ml
Distilled water	950.00	ml

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. 7		

$Na_2CO_3$	1.00	g
Distilled water	20.00	ml

#### **Solution C**

- Na pyruvato	2.50		
- Na-pyravate	2.50	9	
Na-benzoate	0.40	g	
Distilled water	20.00	ml	

#### **Solution D**

Wolin's vitamin solution (10x)	1.00	<del>ml</del>	
Seven vitamins solution	1.00	ml	

### **Solution E**

$Na_2S \times 9 H_2O$	0.40	g
Distilled water	10.00	ml

## **Selenite-tungstate solution** (from medium 385)

NaOH	0.50	g
$Na_2SeO_3 \times 5 H_2O$	3.00	mg
$Na_2WO_4 \times 2 H_2O$	4.00	mg
Distilled water	1000.00	ml

#### Trace element solution SL-10 (from medium 320)

Tace element solution SE-10 (nom mean	1111 320)	
HCI (25%)	10.00	ml
FeCl <sub>2</sub> x 4 H <sub>2</sub> O	1.50	g
ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	70.00	mg
$MnCl_2 \times 4 H_2O$	100.00	mg
$H_3BO_3$	6.00	mg
CoCl <sub>2</sub> x 6 H <sub>2</sub> O	190.00	mg
CuCl <sub>2</sub> x 2 H <sub>2</sub> O	2.00	mg
$NiCl_2 \times 6 H_2O$	24.00	mg
$Na_2MoO_4 \times 2 H_2O$	36.00	mg
Distilled water	990.00	ml

First dissolve  $FeCl_2$  in the HCl, then dilute in water, add and dissolve the other salts. Finally make up to 1000.00 ml.

### Wolin's vitamin solution (10x) (from medium 120)

Biotin	20.00	mg
	20.00	9

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Folic acid	20.00	mg
Pyridoxine hydrochloride	100.00	mg
Thiamine HCl	50.00	mg
Riboflavin	50.00	mg
Nicotinic acid	50.00	mg
Calcium D-(+)-pantothenate	50.00	mg
Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>	1.00	mg
p-Aminobenzoic acid	50.00	mg
(DL)-alpha-Lipoic acid	50.00	mg
Distilled water	1000.00	ml

## Na-dithionite solution (5% w/v)\* (from medium 829)

NaOH (1 N)	1.00	ml
$Na_2S_2O_4$	0.50	g
Distilled water	9.00	ml

Add 1 N NaOH to distilled water and make the solution anoxic by sparging with  $100\% N_2$  gas. Then dissolve the Na-dithionite and filter sterilize the solution into anoxic Hungate tubes. Store the prepared solution in a dark and cool place. Prepare only small amounts of stock solution, as Na-dithionite decomposes rapidly.

#### **Seven vitamins solution\*** (from medium 503)

Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>	100.00	mg
p-Aminobenzoic acid	80.00	mg
D-(+)-biotin	20.00	mg
Nicotinic acid	200.00	mg
Calcium pantothenate	100.00	mg
Pyridoxine hydrochloride	300.00	mg
Thiamine-HCl x 2 H <sub>2</sub> O	200.00	mg
Distilled water	1000.00	ml

#### Clarified rumen fluid\* (from medium 1310)

Rumen fluid from cow or sheep (obtained from fistulated animals or abattoir refuse) is filtered through muslin, autoclaved at  $121^{\circ}$ C for 15 min and then centrifuged at 27,000 g for 20 min. The supernatant is made anoxic by sparging with 100% N<sub>2</sub> gas for 15 min, dispensed under same gas atmosphere into anoxic serum vials to 30% of volume and then stored frozen at -20°C.